

ADVOCATING FOR EMERGENT BILINGUALS THROUGH LANGUAGE AND LITERACY aebll.com INGRID HEIDRICK, Ph.D.

Unit Analysis Outline

Part 1

Use this outline to begin planning vocabulary instruction for your unit.

Length of unit (weeks):	
Central text(s):	
Number of lessons you can devote to schema building and vocabulary (pre-reading activities):	
MAJOR CONCEPTS students need to understand in order to access this text (e.g., adaptation, reproduction, bayou habitat)	
Targeted academic vocabulary from the text:	



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Aim to teach approx. 3-4 important words or word combinations per lesson (remember – these are the words you're going to explicitly teach, but students will be exposed to many more words when they begin talking about the topic using prereading activities)	
Try and teach general academic words with their collocates (words that go together, e.g., emerge from the mud, deposit eggs, attract a mate) as well as content specific words like tadpole, duckweed, crustacean	
Choose words that students will repeatedly encounter in text.	
Use <u>wordsift.org</u> to help you decide.	
For help with collocations go to Oxford Learner's Dictionary/Collocations	
What important prefixes, suffixes, or root words can you teach your students, based on the vocabulary in your central text?	
For example,	
e-merge (e, ex = come out of)	
de-part, de-posit (de has different meanings = separate, descent, negation)	
<pre>un-harmed, un-suspecting (un = not, opposite)</pre>	



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juicy, sticky, hungry, slowly, suddenly (suffix <i>ly</i> = characteristic of, adjective or adverb).	
What PRE-READING ACTIVITIES are you going to use over the course of your schema-building lessons?	
See Think Wonder	
Concept sort w/pictures	
Student-created picture glossary (should be used as a reference throughout the unit)	
Student-created word wall	
Short videos w/graphic organizer work	
Concept map w/pictures	
Map work (students post or pin things to a map, e.g., students locate the southern U.S. on the map by pinning pictures of where they think the bayou is. Focus question: WHY are bayous located in the south, and not New York?	
Word identification scramble: Students work in groups to match vocabulary words to a picture (each group has about 10 words with pictures) – can be timed or not.	



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Role play : Students work together to come up with a short skit or scene depicting an event or important aspect of the content.	
Frozen tableau : Students are given an event or aspect of the content to depict; they come to the classroom and "freeze" into a scene. The class has to discuss what the scene represents and why.	
Field trips	
Kinesthetic/Tactile objects	



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Part 2 Reading Comprehension

1. How much time do I have to devote to each central text in my unit? Do I have the option of choosing only one text, or choosing only excerpts of text, to scaffold my text load for emergent bilinguals?

Example:

Lessons 1-3 – oral language and vocabulary development Lessons 9-11 – writing 5 lessons devoted to Close Reading

2. How many sequences of Read Aloud with Read Retell Respond can I do with my students per text?

Example:

- 3-5 for this unit (depending on how fast students work).



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- 3. Which components of reading comprehension do I want to target in my Read Aloud?
 - Vocabulary & Schema Building
 - Phonological Awareness
 - Phonics/Spelling
 - Word Parts
 - Syntax
- **4.** How do I want to group my students? After my students do the Read Retell Respond sequence, what post-reading activity can I give them to deepen comprehension?

Ideas:

- Students provide written answers to the text independently or with sentence starters.
- Students reconstruct important sentences from text in a sentence scramble and copy the sentence down (syntactic awareness and vocabulary)
- Students do phonological, morphological, or spelling awareness activities.



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Part 3 Writing

Writing

- 1. What is the unit writing assignment? What do my students have to produce by the end of this unit?
- 2. How am I going to extend my students' content knowledge through writing? Are there certain aspects of the unit that I want to base my writing prompts/activities on to reinforce content knowledge? For example, if my students are still not clear on how the bullfrog adapts to his habitat, I will make sure to focus on this.
- 3. What foundational skills/activities do I need to include, based on my students' writing levels?
 - Identifying the subject and predicate of sentences?
 - Sentence deconstruction?
 - Sentence expansion?
 - Paragraph summaries?
 - Topic/Concluding sentences?
 - Handwriting/punctuation/capitalization?

See examples of Writing Worksheets here.